

## KS3 Curriculum Map – Religious Studies:

Tamia	Substantive Knowledge	Disciplinary Knowledge (Skills)	Assessment Opportunities
Торіс	This is the specific, factual content for the topic, which should be connected into a careful sequence of learning.	This is the action taken within a particular topic in order to gain substantive knowledge.	What assessments will be used to measure student progress?
What difference does it make to believe in? (part 1)	<ul> <li>What is belief?</li> <li>Inward emotions</li> <li>Outward signs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Establish the difference between fact and beliefs</li> <li>Discuss how beliefs affect our lives</li> <li>Explore the life of Martin Luther King</li> <li>Consider the story of the Good Samaritan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Key words</li> <li>Knowledge Tests</li> <li>Corrie Ten Boom biography evaluation</li> </ul>
What difference does it make to believe in? (part 2)	<ul> <li>Monotheism</li> <li>What do Christians believe about God (Trinity)</li> <li>What do Hindus believe about God (Brahman)</li> <li>What do Muslims believe about God (Shahadah)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore Christian beliefs and practices</li> <li>Explore Hindu beliefs and practices</li> <li>Explore Muslim beliefs and practices</li> <li>Assess the similarities and differences between these faith traditions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Knowledge tests</li> <li>Key word tests</li> <li>Summative assessment to evaluate how beliefs and traditions impact a believer's life</li> </ul>
What is good and what is challenging about being a teenage Sikh, Buddhist, Muslim in Britain today?	<ul> <li>Commitment and Identity</li> <li>5 Pillars of Islam</li> <li>Islamophobia</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Investigate ways of describing Commitment and Identity</li> <li>Consider the 5 Pillars as an example of commitment</li> <li>Explore the origins and consequences of Islamophobia</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Knowledge tests</li> <li>Key word tests</li> <li>Summative assessment to evaluate impact of Islamophobia</li> </ul>
Should religious buildings be sold to feed the starving?	Places of worship	<ul> <li>Explore the key features of a Christian Church</li> <li>Discuss why Christians go to Church and the impact on their lives</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Knowledge tests</li><li>Key word tests</li></ul>

		<ul> <li>Assess the challenges and benefits of going to Church</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Summative assessment to evaluate "Religious buildings should be sold to feed the starving."</li> </ul>
Do we need to prove God's existence? (part 1)	The existence of God	<ul> <li>Exploring reasons why people believe in God</li> <li>Exploring reasons why people do not believe in God</li> <li>Participate in a Community of Enquiry (Philosophy for Children)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mini formative tests</li> <li>Key word tests</li> <li>Group work / Presentations</li> </ul>
What is good and what is challenging about being a teenage Sikh, Buddhist, Muslim in Britain today?	<ul> <li>History of Buddhism</li> <li>Buddhist Beliefs</li> <li>Buddhist Practice</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore the life of Siddhartha Gautama</li> <li>Examine the Four Noble Truths and Eightfold Path</li> <li>Evaluate life as a Buddhist in Britain today</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Knowledge test</li> <li>Key word test</li> <li>Summative Assessment</li> </ul>
What difference does it make to believe in? (Buddhist, Christian, Jewish, Muslim, Sikh, Humanist)	• Humanism	<ul> <li>Investigate and understand what Humanism is</li> <li>Investigate how Humanists live their lives</li> <li>Compare Humanist beliefs and practices to religious beliefs and practices</li> <li>Assess the relevance of Humanism in Britain today</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Knowledge test</li> <li>Key word test</li> <li>Summative Assessment</li> </ul>
Does Religion help people to be good?	<ul> <li>Kant – Deontology</li> <li>Dostoevsky</li> <li>Religious and non-religious codes for Living</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explore the meaning of the Golden Rule and compare to Kant's Deontology</li> <li>Evaluate Dostoevsky's claim 'Without God anything is allowable'</li> <li>Assess Religious ways of living and behaviour and compare to non-religious ways of living.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Knowledge test</li> <li>Key word test</li> <li>Summative Assessment to answer the question 'Does Religion help people to be good?'</li> </ul>

Why is there suffering? Are there any good solutions?	<ul> <li>Evil and suffering</li> <li>Moral evil</li> <li>Natural evil</li> <li>The Problem of Evil</li> <li>Theodicies</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Appraise divergent definitions and examples of evil and suffering</li> <li>Evaluate Epicurus' problem of evil</li> <li>Assess the different Christian response to evil and suffering</li> <li>Evaluate the success of the theodicies in explaining the existence of evil and suffering</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Mini formative tests</li> <li>Key word tests</li> <li>Group work / Presentations</li> </ul>
Is death the end? Does it matter?	Monism Dualism Christian, Hindu, Buddhist beliefs about Life after death	<ul> <li>Explore the monist/dualist debate</li> <li>Examine religious/non-religious perspectives</li> <li>Consider philosophical perspectives</li> <li>Participate in a Community of Enquiry (Philosophy for Children)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Knowledge test</li> <li>Key word test</li> <li>Summative Assessment to evaluate the statement "Death is the end'.</li> </ul>